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Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

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CC Docket No. 94-102

UNITED STATES CELLULAR CORPORATION QUARTERLY E911 IMPLEMENTATION REPORT

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Thomas Van Wazer, Esq. Jennifer Tatel, Esq. and arms and a many Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP 1501 K Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005

May 1, 2003

Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

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QUARTERLY E911 IMPLEMENTATION REPORT

United States Cellular Corporation ("USCC"), by its undersigned attorneys, hereby submits its third quarterly E911 implementation report pursuant to the Commission's order staying certain E911 phase II deadlines for many non-nationwide wireless carriers. USCC, a so-called Tier II carrier under the *Order to Stay*, submitted its first quarterly implementation report on November 1, 2002² and its second quarterly implementation report on February 3, 2003.

I. Introduction

As a wireless carrier with systems in many rural markets, USCC faces particular challenges in upgrading its technology and interacting with a wide variety of PSAPs across its

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² See United States Cellular Corporation Quarterly E911 Implementation Report, CC Docket No. 94-102 (filed November 1, 2002) ("USCC's First Quarterly Report").

¹ See Revision of the Commission's Rules to Ensure Compatibility with Enhanced 911 Emergency Calling Systems, Phase II Compliance Deadlines for Non-Nationwide CMRS Carriers, Order to Stay, 17 FCC Rcd 14841 (2002) ("Order to Stay").

³ See United States Cellular Corporation Quarterly E911 Implementation Report, CC Docket No. 94-102 (filed February 3, 2003) ("USCC's Second Quarterly Report").

personnel resources devoted to the deployment of E911 services throughout its service area.

This continued commitment produced several significant E911 milestones for USCC in the most recent quarter, including completion of the phase I roll-out to 90 percent of its requesting PSAPs, successfully rolling-out phase II service to every PSAP ready for the service in its CDMA markets, and exceeding expectations for GPS-enabled handset sales.

II. Status of Phase I Requests

USCC continues to deploy phase I E911 service to PSAPs throughout its service area. In many instances, the PSAPs served by USCC are small entities with limited technical and financial resources for which the provision of wireless E911 service is burdensome.

Nevertheless, USCC and its E911 vendor, TeleCommunication Systems, Inc. ("TCS"), actively work with all requesting PSAPs to deploy phase I E911 service throughout USCC's service area. In some cases, USCC has proceeded with deployment despite the fact that a particular PSAP's request does not amount to a valid request for service under the Commission's rules.

To date, USCC has successfully deployed phase I service to 536 PSAPs. This represents full phase I deployment to over 90 percent of the PSAPs that have requested the service. USCC has deployed phase I service to every requesting PSAP in Iowa, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Vermont. In the last quarter, USCC has deployed phase I to nine additional PSAPs in North Carolina, 11 additional PSAPs in Illinois, and five additional PSAPs in Florida, among others. A list of deployed phase I jurisdictions is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

USCC currently has 52 pending phase I requests. Of these pending phase I requests, 12 have been pending less than six months. A list of phase I requests pending for less than six months is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

The remaining 40 phase I requests have been pending for more than six months. A list of these requests is attached hereto as Exhibit C. USCC has made significant improvement in addressing these outstanding phase I requests since USCC's Second Quarterly Report, reducing this number from 69 to 40. USCC expects to continue its progress in reducing this number in the upcoming quarter as well. For example, as illustrated in Exhibit C, six of these 40 requests (15 percent) have already been scheduled for drive testing, the final step before deployment, within the next 30 days. Another seven of these phase I requests (17 percent) are awaiting the delivery of trunks from the LEC, the last deployment step before drive testing can be scheduled. Seven more (17 percent) are in Washington state where PSAP cost recovery only became effective in January 2003 and where drive testing will be scheduled once PSAPs have approved maps and traffic plans.

Of the remaining phase I requests pending for more than six months, 20 have been delayed, in significant part, by a lack of PSAP readiness or at the request of the PSAP. In fact, 12 of these requests have been dormant for several years after the PSAP indicated that it was reconsidering its initial request for service. USCC is in the process of notifying each of these PSAPs that it intends to remove these requests from the list of pending phase I requests until the PSAP renews its request for service. USCC, like other wireless carriers, has also encountered other delays in the phase I roll-out due to circumstances beyond its control including ongoing LEC-related delays, and ALI database and connectivity problems. USCC and TCS will

continue their efforts to overcome these obstacles and work toward full phase I deployment for all requesting jurisdictions.

III. Status of Phase II Requests

USCC successfully began deployment of phase II E911 service during this quarter in compliance with the Commission's Order to Stay, including the timely provision of phase II service to every requesting PSAP ready for the service in its CDMA markets. To date, USCC has successfully deployed phase II E911 service to 39 PSAPs in its CDMA service area. This includes all requesting PSAPs in Virginia. A list of the PSAPs receiving phase II service is attached hereto as Exhibit D.

USCC currently has 63 outstanding PSAP requests for phase II service. Of these, 20 have been pending less than six months. A list of these phase II requests is attached hereto as Exhibit E.

PSAP requests is attached hereto as Exhibit F. For five of these requests, USCC has reached agreements with the PSAPs for an extension of the deadline for providing phase II service.

Twenty-eight of these outstanding phase II requests are in USCC's CDMA markets where USCC is prepared to deploy phase II as soon as the PSAPs are ready to receive the phase II information. USCC and its vendors have completed all the necessary steps toward phase II deployment in these jurisdictions and are waiting for the PSAPs to upgrade their systems. In fact, in several markets, USCC and its drive testing vendor, Marconi, actually began drive testing

The 12 dormant PSAP requests are shaded in Exhibit C.

for phase II deployment only to learn from the requesting PSAP that it was not yet ready to receive the phase II information being provided in the test calls:

USCC has also continued its effort to upgrade its network to provide phase II

E911 service to requesting PSAPs, including the four-year conversion of its TDMA markets to

1XRTT CDMA technology. USCC is currently in the second year of this overbuild process

and continues to be well ahead of the schedule originally presented to the Commission. A

significant benefit from this conversion, which involves a complicated, multiple step process to

clear sufficient spectrum in order to overlay a CDMA system in each market, is that a handset
based phase II solution will soon be available in these markets.

Ten of the outstanding phase II requests are from jurisdictions where USCC currently operates TDMA systems. Eight of these requests are in markets scheduled for the CDMA overbuild by July 2003, one is scheduled for a CDMA overbuild by October 2003, and the final market is currently scheduled to be converted in April 2004. USCC has notified the 13.01 we have a scheduled to be converted in April 2004. USCC has notified the 12.02 requesting PSAPs in these markets of its planned CDMA conversion timeline and has agreed in 2.02

USCC completed the CDMA overbuild between six months to one full year ahead of schedule in its Wisconsin and northern Illinois markets, as well as several markets in Iowa. In addition, USCC has accelerated the CDMA overbuild in its northeastern markets by one year and stepped up the scheduled overbuild between three and five months in its southwestern and southeastern markets.

The phase II PSAP requests in TDMA markets that predate the scheduled conversion to CDMA 2000 are identified in Exhibit F. The currently scheduled date for conversion to CDMA 2000 in each of those markets is identified in the final column in the Exhibit.

USCC has also moved closer to establishing a permanent SS7 connection between its network and TCS. TCS has placed orders for the required circuits which are expected to be installed in approximately six weeks. Following testing, it is anticipated that this new connection will be active by July 2003 – a connection that will significantly reduce the time needed to deploy phase II in response to future PSAP requests. USCC has also successfully completed the Base Station Almanacs (BSAs) that will be used to improve and verify the accuracy of location information provided to PSAPs. The BSAs have been populated with detailed logistical information for all the cell sites serving USCC's CDMA markets with phase II requests.

IV. Status of Handset Deployment

USCC is in compliance with the Commission's first handset deployment

benchmark, namely the requirement to begin selling GPS-enabled handsets by March 1, 2003.9

BO USCC began selling GPS-capable handsets in December, 2002, almost three months ahead of the self-delie.

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Corrently, USCC has five GPS-enabled handsets available for sale in its CDMA markets; the Motorola v120e, Audiovox CDM8500, Audiovox 9500, SonyEricsson T206 and Kyocera 7135 phones, Two additional GPS-enabled phones – the Nokia 3585I and the Kyocera 3225—have been approved for use on USCC's network and will be available to dealers and customers in May, 2003. An additional four GPS-enabled phones are in the testing process:

Nokia 3586, LGvx4400, Audiovox 8600 and SonyEricsson T606. If no issues arise during testing, it is anticipated that these phones will be commercially available for USCC's dealers and customers in June, 2003.

See Order to Stay \$ 27.

As of March 31, 2003, USCC has sold in excess of 25,000 GPS-enabled handsets.

This represents over 16 percent of USCC's total handset sales for the month of March, 2003. In the next quarter, USCC anticipates that handset sales will increase, both in raw numbers and as a percentage of USCC's total handset sales. USCC expects to comply with the requirement that 25 percent of all new handset activations are location-capable by May 31, 2003. USCC will continue to track its sales of GPS-enabled phones in order to ensure compliance with the penetration benchmarks in the Commission's Order to Stay.

Commission's accuracy and drive testing to ensure that USCC's phase II service meets the Commission's accuracy requirements. To date, Marconi has conducted testing on USCC's CDMA switches that are serving PSAPs with live phase II deployments. These tests have been conditioned using CDMA location-capable phones currently available to USCC's customers.

Marconi's accuracy test results confirm that USCC is meeting the FCC's handset requirement that CSC is meeting the FCC's handset requirement that CSC percent of the calls are accurate to within 50 meters and 95 percent of the calls are accurate to within 50 meters and 95 percent of the calls are

¹⁰ See id.

V. Mont Conclusion

As demonstrated above, USCC has made significant progress in deploying E911

phase I and phase II service throughout its service area. Directing significant financial and

personnel resources toward the effort, USCC has moved forward in its efforts to meet the

Commission's implementation deadlines for E911 deployment.

Respectfully submitted,

UNITED STATES CELLULAR CORPORATION

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Its Attorneys

Phase 1 Fully Déployed ... As of May 1, 2003

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tete	County	PSAP / Authority Request	Launched Date
L	Alachua	Alachua County Sheriff's Office	06/13/01
<u>-</u> L	Alachua	Gainesville Police Department-routed to Alachua County Sheriff's Office	06/13/01
. 7	Columbia	Columbia Gounty 911	- 01/29/03
<u> </u>	Gadsden	Gadsden County Sheriff's Department	10/25/01
<u> </u>	Gilchrist	Glichrist County Sheriff's Office	03/31/03
Ţ	Hamilton	Hémilton County Sheriff's Office	03/31/03
i.	Holmes	Holmes County Sheriff's Office	01/29/03
<u>-</u>	Jackson	Jackson County Sheriff's Office	OB/01/02
i	Levy	Levy County 911 Dispatch	11/09/0
<u> </u>	Martin	Martin County Sheriff's Department	04/25/0
ī .	Martin	Stuart Police Department	04/25/0
L	Putnam	Putnern County: Department of Public Safety	02/19/0
<u>-</u>	St Lucie	St Lucie County 911	05/13/0
<u>-</u>	Wakulia	Wakulla County Sheriff's Office	03/10/0
<u>-</u> L	Washington	Washington County 911	02/21/0
<u>.</u>	Lowndes	Lowndes County Emergency Communications	07/18/0
<u> </u>	Adair	Adair County Sheriff's Department	02/01/0
Ā	Adams	Adams County Sheriff's Department	02/01/0
Ā	Allamakee	Allemakee County Sheriff's Department	10/23/0
A	Appanoose	Apparioose County Sheriff's Office	07/09/0
<u>~</u>	Audubon	Audubon County Dispatch Center	12/20/0
<u> </u>	Benton	Benton County Sheriff's Department	07/09/0
A A	Black Hawk	Black Hawk County Sheriff's Office	08/21/0
IA	Boone	Boone County Sheriff's Department	06/13/0
ia .	Bremer	Bremer County-Waverly Law Center	07/12/0
<u> </u>	Buchanan	Buchanan-Independence Public Safety Center	08/22/0
IA	Butier	Butler County Sheriff's Office	07/12/0
ia Ia	Calhoun	Celhoun County Sheriff's Department	09/18/0
IA .	Carroll	Carroll County Communications Center	12/20/0
IA	Carroll	Manning Police Department	12/20/0
IA	Cass	Cass County Public Safety Communications Center	07/02/0
IA	Cedar	Cedar County Sheriff's Department	06/26/0
IA	Cerro Gordo	Cerro Gordo County Sheriff's Office	04/08/0
IA.	Cerro Gordo	Clear Lake Police Department	08/31/0
IA	Cerro Gordo	Mason City Police Department	08/31/0
IA.	Cherokee	Cherokee County Sheriff's Office	07/12/
IA	Chickasew	Chickesaw County Sheriff's Office	10/24/
IA	Clarke	Clarke County Sheriff's Office	12/20/
<u>IA</u>	Clayton	Clayton County Sheriff's Department	09/18/
IA.	Clayton	Guttenburg Police Department	09/18/
IA.	Clinton	Clinton County Sheriff's Department	07/03/
IA IA	Dallas	Dallas County Sheriff's Department	06/13/
_	Dallas	Perry Police Department	06/13/
IA -	Davis	Davis County Sheriff's Office	07/10/
<u> </u>	Decatur	Decatur County Sheriff's Department	02/19/
IA IA	Detaware	Manchester Police Department	07/30/

EFS.	rianaska	(Manaska County E911 Center	08/15/01
IA	Marion	Knoxville Police Department	02/01/02
ΙA	Marion	Marion County Sheriff's Office	02/01/02
JΑ	Marion	Pella Police Department	02/01/02
<u>LA</u>	Marshall	Marshalltown Police Department	08/15/01
IA	Milis	Mills County Communications Center	07/12/01
A	Mitchell	Mitchell County Communications Center	02/12/02
IA	Monroe	Monroe County Sheriff's Department	08/30/01
IA	Montgomery	Montgomery County Sheriff's Department	07/12/01
IA	Muscatine	Muscatine County Sheriff's Department	04/05/02
ΙA	Muscatine	Muscatine Police Department	04/05/02
ΙÄ	OBrien	OBrien County Sheriff's Department	09/18/01
IA	OBrien	Sheidon Police Department	09/18/01

	Osceola	Osceola County Sheriff's Department	12/20/01
		Ciarinda Police Department	07/12/01
		Shenandoah Police Department	07/12/01
		Plymouth County Sheriff's Office	07/12/01
	,	Ankeny Police Department	06/12/01
		Clive Police Departmentrouted to Westcom	06/12/01
		Des Moines Police Department	06/12/01
			06/12/01
	Polk	Iowa State Patrol	06/12/01
	Polk	Polk County Sheriff's Office	06/12/01
	Polk	Urbandale Police Department-routed to Westcom	06/12/01
<u> </u>	Polk	Westcom	08/15/01
<u> </u>	Poweshiek	Poweshiek County Sheriff's Department	02/01/02
<u> </u>	Ringgold	Ringgold County Sheriff's Department	12/20/01
4	Sac	Sac County Sheriff's Office	08/22/01
\	Scott	Bettendorf Police Department	04/09/02
Α	Scott	Davenport Police Department	04/09/02
Α	Scott	Scott County Sheriff's Department	07/12/01
Α	Sioux	Sloux County Sheriff's Department	06/13/01
Α	Story	Arnes Police Department	06/13/01
Α.	Story	Story County Sheriff's Office	07/09/01
A	Tama	Tame County Sheriff's Department	07/18/02
	Taylor	Taylor County Sheriff's Department	12/20/01
A	Union	Union County Sheriff's Office	07/12/01
Ā	Van Buren	Van Buren County Sheriff's Department	08/31/02
À	Wapelio	Ottumwa Police Department	08/31/01
<u>^</u>	Wapello	Wapello County Sheriff's Office	
<u> </u>	Warren	Watten County Sheriff's Office	06/13/01
<u> </u>	Washington	Washington County Sheriff's Office	
A A	Wayne	Wayne County Sheriff's Department	09/18/01
	Webster	Webster County Law Enforcement Center	07/12/01
A		Wheehage County Sheriff's Department	02/12/07
IA	Winnebago-	Decorah Police Department	07/25/01
A		Worth County Sheriff's Office	10/23/0
IA	Worth	Wright County Sheriff's Department	02/12/0
IA_	Wright	Boone County ETSB	04/21/0
IL_	Boone		06/28/0
IL.	Carroll	Carroll County 911 Alsip Police Department	05/07/0
IL_	Cook	Asip Police Department	02/08/0
<u>IL</u>	Cook	Barrington Hills Police Department	02/08/0
ΙL	Cook	Serrington Police Department	11/06/0
IL.	Cook	Bedford Park Police Dapartment	06/05/0
IL	Cook	Beliwood Police Department	03/19/0
1Ĺ	Cook	Berkeley Police Department	04/24/0
II _	Cook	Berwyn Police Department	03/14/0
ΙL	Cook	Blue Island Police Department	11/28/0
ΪL	Cook	Broadview Police Department	03/19/0
IL	Cook	Chicago Heights Police Department	01/08/0
ΙL	Cook	Cicero Police Department	02/07/0
IL.	Cook	City of Chicago Communication Center	11/28/
IL.	Cook	Cook County Sheriff's Department - Elk Grove	01/23/
IL	Cook	Country Club Hills Police Department	06/05/
ΪĹ	Cook	Countryside Police Department	
īL	Cook	Des Plaines Police Department	11/12/0

IN	Lake	Hammond Police Department	06/29/00
	<u> </u>	Highland Police Department	06/29/00
N	Lake	Hobart Police Department	06/29/00
N	Lake	Lake County Sheriff's Office	06/29/00
N	Lake	Lake Station Police Department	06/29/00
N	Lake		06/29/00
N	Leke	Lowell Police Department	06/29/00
N	Lake	Merrillville Police Department	06/29/00
N	Lake	Munster Police Department	06/29/00
N	Cake	New Chicago Police Department	06/29/00
N	Lake	Schererville Police Department	06/29/00
N	Lake	St. John Police Department	06/29/00
N	Lake	Whiting Police Department	07/03/02
N	Miami	Miami County Sheriff's Office	07/11/02
N	Montgomery	Crawfordsville Police Department	09/11/00
N	Porter	Porter County Sherrif's Office	02/27/03
IN	Putnam .	Putnam County 911	02/21/03
IN	Wabash	Wabash County Sheriff's Office	04/21/03
MO	Boone	Boone County Joint Communication & Information Center	03/14/03
MO	Jasper	Jasper County Emergency Services Department	Q3/14/03
MO	Jasper	Dasper Church Shering Contect	03/14/03
MO	Jasper	Joglin Police Department	02/10/03
MO_	Macon	Nacon County E911	01/31/03
MO.	Newton	Newton County Central Dispatch	
MQ	Stone	Stone County Emergency Services	06/27/02 08/27/02
MO	Taney	Branton Police Department	08/27/02
MO	Taney	Taney County E913	06/27/02
MO	Webster	Webster County Sheriff's Department	
NC:	Allegany	Allegany County E-911/ Mapping	01/27/03
NC:	Ashe	Ashe County Communications	01/28/03
NC	Bertie 🗎	Bertie County Sheriff's Office	01/29/03
NC:	Beaufort	Beaufort Communication Center	11/15/00
NC	Beaufort	Washington Police Department	11/15/00
NC	Bladen	Bladen County Shariff's Communications	08/09/01
NC	Brunswick	Brunswick County Emergency Communications	04/11/00
NC_	Brunswick	Long Beach Police Department	04/11/00
NC	Brunswick	Oak Island Department of Public Safety	04/11/00 04/11/00
NC	Brunswick	South Port Police Department	
NC	Buncombe	Buncombe County Emergency Management	12/11/00
NC	Camden	Camden/Pasquetank Center Communications	01/27/03
NC	Carteret	Atlantic Beach Police Communications	01/11/01
NC	Carteret	Carteret County Sheriff's Department	01/11/01
NC	Carteret	Emerald Isle Police Communications	01/11/01
NC	Carteret	Morehead City Police Communications	01/11/01
NÇ	Caswell	Caswell County Communications Center	04/03/03
NC	Chatham	Chatham County Emergency Operations	01/31/03
NC	Chowan	Chowan County Central Communications	11/15/00
NC	Columbus	Columbus County Emergency Services	12/01/00
NC	Columbus	Columbus County Sheriff's Office	12/01/00
NC	Craven	Craven County Sheriff's Communication	04/23/03
NC	Craven	Havelock Department of Public Safety	04/23/03
NC	Craven	New Bern Communications Center	04/21/03
NC	Dare	Dare County Sheriffs Office	09/12/01

N.C	Dam	Hatteras Communications Center	09/12/01
NC	Dare	Duplin County Sheriff's Department	04/11/01
NC	Duplin	Edgecombe County 911 Communications	12/03/02
NC	Edgecombe		12/04/02
NC	Edgecombe	Tarboro Police Communications	. 11/21/00
NC	Franklin	Franklin County Communications	04/23/03
NC	Gates	Gates County Communication Center	04/08/03
NC -	Greene	Greene County Department of Emergency Services	
NC	Halifax	Halifax County Central Communications	02/15/01
NC	Harnett	Duna Police Department	01/24/01
NC	Harnett	Erwin Police Department	01/24/01
NC	Harnett	Harnett County Sheriff's Communications	01/24/01
NC	Henderson	Henderson County Sheriff's Communications	02/13/02
NC -	Hertford	Hertford County Sheriff's Office	04/23/03
NC .	Hoke	Hoke County Emergency Communications	12/13/00
NC .	Hyde	Hyde County Courthouse	01/30/01
NC	Johnston	Johnston County Emergency Communications	11/21/00
NC	Jones	Jones County Sheriff's Office	04/23/03
NC	Lee	Lee-County 911	01/08/01
NC	Lenoir	Leneir County Communications	07/ 09/ 01
NC	Martin	Martin County Communications Center	12/05/00
NC	Nash	Nash County Central Communications	12/01/00
NC :	Nash	Rocky Mount Police Communications	12/01/00
NC -	New Hanover	New Hanover County Sheriff's Department	01/30/02
NC 3	Onslow	Camp Lajeune Fire Protection Division	12/20/00
NC :	Onslow	Jacksonville Police Communications :	12/20/00
NC.	Onslow	Onslow County E 911 Communications	12/20/00
NC	Pamlico	Pamlico County Sheriff's Department	08/27/01
NC	Pender	Pender County Sheriff's Office	02/04/03
NC	Perguinans	Perquimans County Communication System	04/30/03
NC	Person 3	Person County Communications	01/31/03
	Polk	Polk County Communications	05/25/01
NC NC	Randolph	Randolph County Energency Management	02/15/01
		Lumberton Communications Center	10/12/00
NC NC	Robeson Robeson	Robeson-County Communications	10/20/02
	Röckingham	Eden Police Department	08/25/00
NC.	Reckingham	Reidsville Police Department	08/25/00
NC NC		Rockingham County E 911	08/25/00
	Rockinghern Rutherford	Rutherford County Communications	11/16/01
NC		Sampson County Sheriff's Office	Q8/14/01
NC	Sampson	Surrey County Communications	01/27/03
NC NC	Surrey	Tyrrell County Sheriff's Communications	11/20/01
NC	Tyrrell	Washington County Sheriff's office	01/29/03
NC	Washington	Goldsboro Police Department	01/31/01
NÇ	Wayne	Mt Olive Palice Department	01/31/01
NC	Wayne	Seymour Johnson AFB Fire Department	01/31/01
NC	Wayne	Wayne County Communications	01/31/01
NC	Wayne	Wilkes County Sheriff's Department	01/28/03
NC	Wilkes	Wilson County Emergency Communications	12/01/00
NC	Wilson	Darlington County Sheriff's Department	11/03/00
SC	Darlington		11/03/00
sc	Diffion	Dillon County 911	11/01/00
sc	Kershaw	Kershaw County 911	11/08/00
SC	Mariboro	Mariboro County E911	14,00,00

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VA	Montgomery	Christianburg Police Department	10/30/02
VA	Montgomery	Montgomery County Sheriff's Office	10/30/02
VA	Patrick	Patrick County 911	10/28/02
VA	Pulaski	County of Pulaski E-911 Services	10/23/02
VA;	a Roanoke City	Rospoke City Communications Department	07/12/02
VÄ	Roanoke County	Roanoke County Police Department	07/16/02
VA [°]	Rockbridge	Rockbridge County Sheriff's Office	10/30/02
VA	Selem City	Selem City Police Department	07/16/02
VĀ.	Smyth	Smyth County E911	04/23/03
VT	Chittenden	Shelburne Police Department	12/13/01
VT	Chittenden	Williston E911	12/13/01
ΫĪ	Rutiand	Rutland City Police and Fire Department	12/13/01
٧T	Windsor	Hartford Police Department	12/13/01
۷T	Windsor	Springfield Police Department	12/13/01
WV	Fayette	Fayette County Office of Emergency Services	05/07/02
W۷	Harrison	Harrison County Emergency Services	07/11/01
W۷	Marion	Marion County Central Communications	08/13/01
ŴV	Monongalia	MECCA 911	07/11/01
WŸ	Preston	Preston County Emergency Services	08/01/01
W۷	Raleigh	Raleigh County Emergency Services	05/08/02
Ŵ٧	Summers	Summers County Control	01/27/03
WV	Taylor	Taylor County Sheriff's Office	01/27/03

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		Carrol Laber 10 to 10 Laber 10	C. L. W. C. W. C. C. C. C. C. C.		<u>.</u>
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	Putnam	Putnam Count 3.1 (2005) / 10.3 is 14.	والمطالب المطالب المالية المالية المالية		03/28
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Manual Court Court State Court

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EXHIBIT B

Phase 1 Requests Pending Leas than Six Months As of May 1, 2003

State	Сонпау	PSAP 7 Authority Request	Request Date
MO	Howell	Howell County 9-1-1	02/21/03
MO	Monroe	Monroe County 9-1-1	04/01/83
NË "	Douglas	Communications Dept. 9-1-1 Douglas County	02/04/03
NE	Sarpy	Emergency Management and Communication Agency	02/04/03
OK	Tulsa	City of Tuisa and Tuisa County	12/03/03
VA	Campbell	Campbell County VA 911	01/21/03
VA	Cumberland	Cumberland County	01/13/03
VA	Floyd	Floyd County Emergency Services	12/16/02
VA	Prince Edward	Town of farmville E-911	02/06/03
WA	Benton	Southerse Communications Center	12/20/02
WA	Cowlitz	Cowlitz County 911 Communications Center	11/19/02
WA	Pacific	Pacific County Sheriff's Office	11/15/02
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17.	Maria	The second secon	
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EXHIBIT C Phase 1 Requests Pending More Than Six Months

As of May 1, 2003

State	County	PSAP / Authority Request	Received Date	Due Date	Estimated Completion Date	Primary Issue that Created Delay / Status of Deployment
	Cethoun	Cathoun County Sheriff's Office	02/20/02	NA	NUA	On hold per PSAP until PSAP CPE upgrade in spring 2004
FL	Gulf	Gulf County Sharlif's Citica	08/31/00	N/A	NA.	On hold per PEAP until PSAP CPE upgrade in spring 2004
F).	Leon	Light Conty Sheriffs Office	10/24/00	N/A	N/A	PSAP wants CAS solution. USCC can only support an MCAS efflution
FL:	Machecon	Rendition County 911	01/31/00	3/1/A	NA	PSAP details and dislays. PSAP anticology to applicate ALI details with LEC. PSAP will replicate NCAS until the party.
	TIR.	TR Courty 9-1-1	03/16/08	1/	NIA	On bold per RSAS with PSAP residence and recounty leaving due to USCC tow higherther been in TR South
IQ .	Borowitte	STATES COURS SHOUL CHE	04/27/01		MA	STATE STATE OF COMPANY AND STATE OF THE STAT
IL	Cass	Cass County Emergency Telephone System Board	08/19/02	02/19/03	733 //03 05/31/03	All deployment tasks are complete except for delivery of trunks and building translations. Drive testing will follow. Trunks were ordered to the wrong location and needed to be re-ordered.
IL.	Morgan	Morgan County 911	02/27/01	08/26/ 01	i 05/05/03 //	Verition interconnect Agreement. On tile ALI database. All deployment tasks the complete. PBAP will not be ready to drive feeling unit 5/6/03.
IL	Ogle	Ogle County Sheriff's Office	08/05/00	02/01/01	05/02/03	Vertzon Interconnect Agreement. Stand-alone ALI Database connectivity delays. All deployment tasks are complete. Drive testing on 5/1/03.
íL	Scott a san	Scott County Sheriff's Office	04/30/01	10/27/01	.05/86/03 5/5	Verizon interconnect Agreement. On-site ALI database, Sub-PSAP to Morgan, IL. All deployment tasks are complete. PSAP will not be ready to drive teeting until 5/8/03.
íL	Whiteside	Whiteside County Sheriff's Office	11/30/00	05/29/01	05/02/03	Améritech Interconnect Agreement. All deployment tasks are complete. Drive teating in progress. Problems discovered in drive testing, troubleshapting with LEC. Drive testing on 5/1/03.
MD	Allegady	Secretary Management and Sava	11/26/07	NVA	NA	Recipies defermed by the formation of the System Board who is considering weather to numbers o company.
MD	Garrett	Guinet County 211	1/1/29/97	NA	N/A	Program (Internet by Maryland Empressor Marylan Systems Board who is considering whether by retropings confere.
MD	Washington	Weehington County Fire and Resque	11/26/97	N/A	3 12/01/ N/A	Request distance by Mariana Emergency Number Systems Road who is considering whather to reimburge carriers.
	17.	The state of the s		·	1	HANDAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN

9	, Agens	The County Convnission of Shelby County	09/10/01	WA)6/15.5 05/31/03	No cost recovery for PSAPs. Vertzon Interconnect Agréement. All deglapment basis are complete except for delivery of thaths and building translations. Trunks were not ordered with the T1's and have been re-ordered. Drive testing will follow as soon as the trunks are in.
9		Wurlex E 911	1227/do	N.A.	05/27/03	No cost recovery for PSAP. Verizon Interconnect Agreement. All deployethers likelts are complete and trunks are in. Troubleshooting issues in proclimated in drive testing with LBC.
. <u>2</u>	Granville	Crarville County Embromagnes oc.	Verbel	NA_	06/31/03	No formal written request. Stand-atone ALI Detailabe Corinectivity. Coelegis. Tri connectivity issue Smithfield MTSO and AT&T Rocky Mt. Roules, LEG is troubleshooting. Maps and traffic plans sent to PSAP for approving.
ဋ				¥	**	No formel without requiring (Digital storage (AL) Deisthand Contractivity problems. Assembly formed in Parkets (PE suggested PEAP meads to install OPE grid delical wide (AL) is copyred to
2	McDowell	McDowell County Emergency Operations	10/25/00	N.A.	05/15/03	
S K	Mitchell	Mitchell County E911	06/22/02		05/15/03	All deployment tasks are complete except for delivery of trunks and building iransletions. Drive testing will follow. Trunks are due to be delivered on \$1103.
S Z	Moore	Moore County Emergehcy Communications	05/12/00	11/08/00	05/15/03	Stand-alone ALI Database connectivity delays. All beployment tasks are contiplete except for delivery of trunks and building translations. Trunks are due 4/26/03. Drive testing will follow.
2		PR Comb Pil	10,000	VA.	×	Park Commercial Commer
Ş	Vance	Henderson Vance 911 Center	07/31/01	01/27/02	05/31/03	Stand-sione ALI Detabase connectivity detays. All deployment tasks are complete. Trunks are in. Drive testing will follow AT&T's esolution of a T1 provisioning issue.
Ŧ.	State-wide	New Hampshire State Police	03/20/97	K.A.	05/31/03	Invalid request. Cost plan issues. Switch integrated. Maps and traffic plans sent to PSAP for approval. Trunks are due in 5/9/03. Drive testing will follow.
\$	Allegheny	Alleghany County E-911	06/04/02	¥.A	05/31/03	All USCC deployment tasks are complete except for trunks. Waiting on PSAP's trunks to come in to drive test.
٨	Buckingham	Buckingham County Sheriff's Office	DB/R1/02		05/02/03	received approved maps and usinc plans back from the PSAP on 4/23/03. Drive tealing has been scheduled for 4/29/03.

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<u>\$</u>	Charlotte	Charlotte County Sheriff's Office	07/11/01	¥¥	05/02/03	PSAP not Phase 1 capable until 3/21/02. Trunt order delayed due to LEC circuit design leave LEC is working on. All deployment tasks are complete: Trunks are It. Drive testing school/led for 4/29/03.
≤	Fluviena	Puvierne County Sheriffs Office	Dertentz		05/02/03	PSAP upgrade was completed 4/17/03. Drive testing is scheduled for 4/30/03.
		3	9	0.7(01/0)	10/0 ***	PSAP was not ready for Phase 1 until August 2002. All deployment tasks are complete except for delivery of trunks. Trunks due in 5/5/03.
\$	Grayson/Carroll	Cay of Galex Police Department	10/26/99	Υ _N	05/23/03	Drive: beating set follow.
	hdi ash			15.5 01/0		Weiting on PSAP's contractor, LPW, to approve the maps and trafficularly. The restantisher desirotement traffic size bloom teacher will occur.
8	Graene	Greene County Sheriff's Qiffce to the county	0\$/28/02	11/20/02	05/3/1003	quidity whon receipt of approved maps and traffic plans.
*.	"			¥	Y22	
	- Drawle	Town of Winbro Bolice	CURCUSO	11/2:402	06/15/03	ides not have trunks in. All USCC depart. They best as and as
<u>{</u>	NOW FORE			0/10/	33.3	No cost technery until January 2003. Trunks are due in on 4/30/03.
₹	Grays Harbor	Grays Harbor Communications	03/20/00	S INN	05/09/03	PSAP approved the maps and traffic plans on 4/28/03. Drive losting scheduled for 5/1/03.
						No cost recovery until Janainy 2003. Thinks are in: Walting on PSAP:
₩	Kittine	KIRCom 911	10/30/02	N/A	05/31/03	followers as a second of the s
	* .		*	F3R3RB	1277 11	No cost recovery until January 2003. Trunks are due 5/6/03. Correcting maps and trieffic plans to send to PSAP for PSAP approvat, and drive
≨	Klickitat	Kiickitat Sheriff's Office	05/14/02	Y _N	05/31/03	leating will follow.
¥ X	Lewis	Lewis County Department of Public Works	10/04/02	V.V.	<u>0</u> 5/31/03	No cost recovery until Janaury 2003. Trunks are in. Waiting on PSAP approval of meps and traffic plans and drive testing will follow.
WA	Mason	Mason County 911	09/12/02	¥ 2	05/31/03	No cost recovery until January 2003. Trunks are in. Waiting on PSAP approval of maps and traffic plans to send to PSAP and otive testing will follow.
_ ≨	Wahkakum	Wahklakum County Sheriff's Office	10/02/02	V.	05/15/03	No cost recovery until January 2003. Trunks are in. PSAP approved maps and traffic plans on 4/15/03. Drive testing scheduled for 5/1/03.
×	Yakima	Yakima Public Salety Communications Center	10/29/02		05/31/03	No cost recovery until January 2003. Trunks are in. Waiting on PSAP approval of maps and traffic plans and drive testing will follow.
≩	(" Mercer	Marcer County 911	04/30/01	W.A.	03/31/03	Stand alone ALI database, PSAP is not connected to a selective router. Correctivity delays. Trunks due on 5/15/03 and drive testing will follow.
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Exhibit D Phase 2 Fully Deployed As of May 1, 2003

State	County	PSAP / Authority Request	Launched Date
IL	Cook	Barrington Hills Police Department	02/26/03
IL	Cook	Cook County Sheriff's Department	02/27/03
IL.	Cook	Evanston Police Department	03/06/03
IL	Cook	Glenview-Wheeling Police Department	03/10/03
IL.	Cook	Lansing Police Department	03/12/03
IL .	Cook	Northbrook Police Department	03/14/03
IL "	Coók	Northfield Police Department	03/12/03
IL	Cook	Rosemont Police and Fire	03/13/03
[L	Cook	Skokie Police Department	03/13/03
ÎĻ	Cook	Wheeling Police Department	03/10/03
ĬĹ	Lake	Deerfield Police Department	04/24/03
IL _	Lake	Vernon Hills Police Department	03/14/03
ΙL	Lake	Waukegan Police Department	03/25/03
IL	Peoria	Bartonville Police Department	03/14/03
ĬĻ	Peoria	Peoria Heights Police Department	03/14/03
IL	Peoria	Chilicotte Police Department	03/14/03
IL	Peoria	Peoria Police Department Communications Center	03/10/03
IL	Tazeweli	East Peoria Police and Fire	03/26/03
IN	Carroll	Carroll County Sheriff's Department	04/03/03
IN	Cass	Cass County Enhanced 911	03/31/03
IN	Lake	Lake County Sheriff	03/13/03
IN	Miami	Miami County Sheriff's Office	03/27/03
IN	Putnam	Putnam County 911 Communications Office	03/28/03
IN	Wabash .	Wabash County Sheriff's Office	03/13/03
NC	Chowan	Chowan Central Communications Center	04/09/03
NC	Duplin	Duplin County Sheriff's Department	03/20/03
NC	Johnston	Johnston County Emergency Communications	03/19/03
NC	Harnett	County of Harnett Management Information Systems	04/01/03
NC	Lee	Sanford Police Department	04/10/03
NC	Nash	Nash County Emergency Services	04/01/03
TN	Anderson	Anderson County E911	03/27/03
TN	Blount	Blount County Communications Center	04/01/03
TN	Monroe	Monroe County Communications	04/03/03
TN	Union	Union County Sheriff's Office	04/02/03
VA	Albemarie	Albemarle Emergency Communication Center	03/04/03
VA	Amherst	City of Lynchburg Emergency Communication Center	02/25/03
VA	Henry	Martinsville/Henry County 911 Communications Center	03/11/03
VA	Roanoke	Salem City Police Department	02/25/03
VA	Rockbridge	Rockbridge County Sheriff's Department	03/04/03
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Phase 2 Requests Pending Lees than Six Months As of May 1, 2003

State	County	PSAP / Authority Request	Request Date
41	Cook	SouthCom Combined Dispetch Conton	40/00/00
IL IL	Cook	SouthCom Combined Dispatch Center	12/28/02
		Village of Schaumburg	01/05/03
IL .	Cook	West Surburban Consolidated Dispatch Center Franklin Park Police Department	04/02/03
<u>IL</u>	Cook	productions: City City Coperation	02/07/03
t l	DuPage	DuPage County 9-1-1 Emergency Telephone System Board	03/31/03
IL	Knox	Galesburg/Knox County Emergency Telephone Systems Board	07/28/03
1L	Sangamon	Sangamon County Emergency Telephone	01/06/03
IN	Marshall	Marshall County Sheriff	11/08/02
мо	Boone	City of Columbia & Boone County Emergency Management	01/23/03
MO	Macon	Macon County Enhanced 911	02/20/03
MO	Monroe	Monroe County 9-1-1	04/01/03
NC	Buncombe	Buncombe County Emergency Management	02/03/03
NC	Guilford	City of Greensboro	01/28/03
NC n	Hamett	Dunn Police Department	03/24/03
NC	Hertford	Hertford County Sheriff's Office	03/20/03
NC	Perquimans	Perquimans County Communication System	04/09/03
NC	Rockingham	Eden Police Department	11/20/02
NC	Rockingham	Rockingham County Emergency Services	11/01/02
		State of New Hampshire Department of Administrative	
	Merrimack	Services Bureau of Emergency Communications	02/13/03
		Mercer County Communications Center	04/08/03
	an in the second	20	
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EXHIBIT F

Phase 2 Requests Pending More Than Six Months

		DOAD / Authority Persont	Received Date	Due Date	Estimated Completion Date	Primary issue that Created Delay / Status of Deployment
State	County	PSAP / Authority Request Jackson County Sheriffs	Dere	Date	;Date	On hold pending TDMA to CDMA conversion scheduled for
	1	Office	01/18/02	03/01/03	06/01/04	4/1/04
FL	Jackson	Cass County Sheriff's	01710102	030 1100		PSAP granted an extension. Phase 2 deployment is
111	Cass	Department	08/08/02	06/01/03	06/01/03	pending the deployment of Phase 1.
IL _	Cass	Department	OGIOGICE	00.000		PSAP will not be Phase 2 ready until mid-May. PSAP will
		City of Chicago	i			need to stagger drive testing dates with the many carriers
	Cook	Communications Center	04/23/03		06/30/03	who are all ready to deploy Phase 2.
IL	COOK	Communications Cernel	0 1120100		00,00.00	
			[PSAP not ready for Phase 2. PSAP requested we check
۱.,	Cook	Orland Park Police Department	02/14/02	ļ		back with them on May 1, 2003 to see if they are ready.
15	Lake	Winthrop Harbor	03/14/01		07/15/03	PSAP will not be ready for Phase 2 until late June 2003.
,,		McLean County	07/05/02		05/31/03	PSAP granted an extension. Phase 2 deployment was pending the deployment of Phase 1 which occurred on 04/30/03.
<u>L</u>	McLean	\ 	01703/02	 	-00/01/00	PSAP granted an extension and drive testing is scheduled
J1L	Rock Island	Rock Island County Sheriff's Department	11/16/00		05/13/03	for 5/12/03 by agreement with the PSAP.
					* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	PSAP was not ready for Phase 2 until mid-April and we were in a deployment line with other carriers vying for drive test dates. Drive testing began on 4/30/03, but PSAP was
IL_	Will	Will County Police Department	09/23/02	_	05/09/03	unable to do re-bids. Troubleshooting in progress.
		Stone County Emergency			1 4	On hold pending TDMA to CDMA conversion scheduled for
MO	Stone	Services	05/04/01	03/01/03	12/01/03	10/1/03
		New Bern Communications			-	DOAD is not under a defeat Dhane O
NC	Craven	Center	08/27/03	 		PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
NC	Hoke	Hoke County Emergency Communications	08/19/02		4	PSAP granted us an extension. We tried to drive test on 4/16/03, but the PSAP was not ready for Phase 2.

						Phase 2 is pending Phase 1. PSAP requested new T1 and
			<u>.</u>	มถายกลับ	-	Trunking on Phase 1, which delayed the Phase 1
		McDowell County Emergency		- 3	3. 	deployment. Phase 1 anticipated by 5/15/03, Phase 2 will
<u>c</u>	McDowell	Operations	10/25/00	2	06/15/03	follow immediately thereafter.
	New	New Hanover County Sheriff's				
<u>C</u>	Hanover	Department	02/26/02	05/31/03	05/20/03=	PSAP granted an extension
N	Anderson	Anderson County EMS	12/28/01	= =	<u> </u>	PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
	1	게 그는 그 경험하다				PSAP was not ready for Phase 2 until the end of April.
N	Anderson	Clinton Police Department	12/28/01	÷ 5/2	A	Drive testing scheduled for week of May 5, 2003.
<u>N</u>	Anderson	Lake City Police Department	12/28/01	1 1	<u> </u>	PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
				[-]	i i	PSAP was not ready for Phase 2 until the end of April.
N_	Anderson	Oak Ridge Police Department	12/28/01		, /	Drive testing scheduled for week of May 5, 2003.
 .		Oliver Springs Police		1		
N	Anderson	Department	12/28/01	<u> </u>	<u>=</u>	PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
4			4000404			
N	Bledsoe	Bledsoe County Sheriff's Office	12/28/01			PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
	B1	Blount County Communications Center	12/28/01			DOAD is not set on the fee Discourse
N	Blount	Cleveland Police Department	12/20/01			PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
'Ni	Brodley	Dispatch Center	. 12/28/01			DOAD is not used and do Dhank O
N j N	Bradley Cocke	Cocke County 911	12/28/01			PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
14	COCKE	Cocke County 911	12/20/01	<u> </u>		PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
N.	Jefferson	Jefferson County 911	12/28/01		= 4	PSAP was not ready for Phase 2 until the end of April.
14	Jener 2011	Knox Emergency	12/20/01			Drive testing scheduled for week of May 5, 2003.
N	Knox	Communications District	12/28/01	1 : .[DCAD is not ust roady for Dhase 2
	TAIOX	CONTRACTICATIONS DISTRICTS	12120801			PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
'n	Loudon	Loudon County Sheriff's Office	12/28/01		٠.	PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
N	McMinn	Ettowah Police Department	12/28/01			PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
N	McMinn	McMinn County 911	12/28/01	-	 -	PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
N	Meigs	Meigs County Sheriff's Office	12/28/01	 		PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
	1	Polk County Sheriff's				11 or a library or rooms for 1 mass 2.
N	i Polk	Department Central 2	12/28/01] = [듔	PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
N	Polk	Polk County Sheriff's Office	12/28/01	 	<u>-</u>-	PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
N	Rhea	Rhea County 911	12/28/01	<u> </u>		PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
N	Sevier	Gatlinburg Police Department	12/28/01	 		PSAP is not yet ready for Phase 2.
	1	Pigeon Forge Police		 - 		PSAP was not ready for Phase 2 until the end of April.
ſΝ	Sevier	Department	12/28/01	<u> </u>	f.,	Drive testing scheduled for week of May 5, 2003.

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	1				<u>.</u>	PSAP was not ready for Phase 2 until the end of April.
N.	Sevier	Sevier County Sheriff's Office	. 12/28/01	12 O B	<u> </u>	Drive testing scheduled for week of May 5, 2003.
ΓN	Sevier	Sevierville Police Department	12/28/01	rery Treet		PSAP was not ready for Phase 2 until the end of April. Drive testing scheduled for week of May 5, 2003:
114	SEANCH	GEVICI VIIIC DIGO DOPE GITO		立 覧 日	5 ,	On hold pending TDMA to CDMA conversion scheduled for
TX	Neuces	City of Corpus Christi	09/10/02	03/01/03		7/1/03
	-	American Medical		3.3	<u> </u>	On hold pending TDMA to CDMA conversion scheduled for
TΧ	Wichita	Response/Lifeline EMS	01/24/01	03/01/03	₫0/01 <i>l</i> 03	7/1/03
		1.		311	'+ '	On hold pending TDMA to CDMA conversion scheduled for
TX	Wichita	Burkburnett Police Department	01/24/01	03/01/03	10/01/03	7/1/03
	1		-,		-=	On hold pending TDMA to CDMA conversion scheduled for
TΧ	Wichita	Electra Police Department	01/24/01	03/01/03	10/01/03	7/1/03
		_		F 2		On hold pending TDMA to CDMA conversion scheduled for
TX 1	Wichita	Iowa Park Police Department	01/24/01	03/01/03	10/01/03	7/1/03
		Sheppard Air Force Base Fire	·		ii.	On hold pending TDMA to CDMA conversion scheduled for
TX	Wichita	Department	01/24/01	03/01/03	10/01/03	7/1/03
		Wichita Falls Police		,	4	On hold pending TDMA to CDMA conversion scheduled for
TX	Wichita	Department	01/24/01	03/01/03	10/01/03	7/1/03
		-		(d) (1)	Ö	On hold pending TDMA to CDMA conversion scheduled for
VT	State-wide	State of Vermont 911,		03/01/03	<u>12/31/03</u>	10/1/03
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Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

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In the Matter of)			
Revision of the Commission's Rules To Ensure Compatibility with Enhanced 911 Emergency Calling Systems) CC Docket No. 94-102			
	<u>.</u>			
am Contrata (1920)	$(x,y) = (x,y) + (x,y) + (y,y) = \frac{1}{2} (x,y) + (y,y) + \frac{1}{2} (x,y) + \frac{1}$			
AFFIDAVIT OF JA	MES JENKINS			
(a) (a) [] I, James Jenkins, hereby declare as follows				
1 I am Vice President, External Affair	rs, for United States Cellular Corporation			
("USCC"). In this capacity, I am familiar with US catter location dischessible in the five intertaint in the second	CC's E911 deployment efforts.			
	C Quarterly E911 Implementation Report and			
I declare under penalty of periury that the f	oregoing is true and correct, to the best of my			

knowledge and belief. To such that the ready are the ready as the ready and the ready are the ready and the

Dated this | st day of Man

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Land Broken from the months of the reconstruction of March 1997 and as place

I, Tami Smith, do hereby certify that on this 1st day of May 2003, copies of the foregoing "United States Cellular Corporation Quarterly E911 Implementation Report" were served by U.S. first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the following:

David Solomon, Chief Enforcement Bureau Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 7-C485 Washington, D.C. 20554

Robert M. Gurss Counsel for APCO Shook Hardy & Bacon 600 14th Street, N.W., Suite 800 Washington, D.C. 20005

John K. Ramsey Executive Director APCO International 351 N. Williamson Boulevard Daytona Beach, FL 32114 Columbus, OH 43230 those at the control of the control of

Evelyn Bailey, President NASNA State of Vermont Enhanced 911 Board 94 State Street - Drawer 20 Montpelier, VT 05620

The state of the s

John Muleta, Chief Wireless Telecommunications Bureau Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 3-C252 Washington, D.C. 20554

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W. Mark Adams **Executive Director** NENA 422 Beecher Road Columbus, OH 43230

PFORSTER (749) Queue: K5/CN=HP4000 3-A101 1.OU=Flo* User name: Server: HP4000_3-A101_1 File name: Directory Description: Microsoft Word - 9-1-1 privacy PRM _JRH01405_.DOC May 5, 2003 PPPP FFFFF OOO RRRR SSS TTTTT EEEEE RRRR T E R ΡF OR RS S 0 .0 OR RS TER PPF T EEEE RRRR PPPP FFFF 0 O RRRR SSS ORR SSTERR F. 10000 OORRSS F Ρ EEEEE R R OOO R R SSS F response to the second L SSS L S S. Τ.. (x,y) = (x,y) + (x,yТ S L :: Т SSS \mathbf{L} :: L S S Т L and a company of the large LLLL SSS the production of the control of the

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Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of	.)	van de la companya de
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Release of Customer Information)	
During 9-1-1 Emergencies)	
A Company of the Section	1 - 1 - 15 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Same Same Comment

PETITION FOR RULEMAKING

The National Emergency Number Association ("NENA"), the Association of Public-Safety Communications Officials-International, Inc. ("APCO") and the National Association of State Nine One One Administrators ("NASNA") hereby request the Commission to solicit public comment, pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act ("APA"), 5 U.S.C.§553, and Section 1.401 of the Rules, on the legal preconditions to release of customer-specific information to 1.401 of the Rules, on the legal preconditions to release of response to 9-1-1 emergency calls. Public Safety Answering Points ("PSAPs") in the course of response to 9-1-1 emergency calls. Relevant federal statutes are Section 222 of the Communications Act and portions of the criminal 1.50 the other band, the result and the course of response to 1.402 and 1.403 and 1.

In general, a wire or wireless caller's expectations of privacy are diminished when 9-1-1 distribution of the control of the c

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Calling 911 and triggering the government's emergency response invalidates any claim by a caller that he does not in fact consent to the disclosure of information regarding his location. If he chooses to seek such emergency aid, he implicitly consents both to aiding the

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We believe the views of wire and wireless carriers and privacy advocates, among others, would be important to a process of rulemaking. In the alternative, we ask the FCC to consider a declaratory ruling to remove uncertainty, pursuant to Section 5(d) of the APA, 5 U.S.C.§553(e), and Section 1.2 of the Commission's Rules.

² Respectively, P.L. 107-56 and P.L. 107-296. Other federal statutes, as well as state laws, may also apply, and could be expected to emerge in public comment.

authorities in this limited way and to action taken by the government to verify his call.³

Explicit 9-1-1-related exemptions from telephone privacy protections are found in both the Communications Act and the U.S. criminal code.

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The Communications Act. Section 222 of the Act generally protects the confidentiality of "customer proprietary network information" ("CPNP"), defined in re-designated subsection (h) as "information that relates to the quantity, technical configuration, type, destination, location, and amount of use of a telecommunications service subscribed to by any customer of a telecommunications carrier . . ."

Since the customer's location ordinarily would be treated confidentially, an exception must be made for emergency calls from commercial mobile service users. Call location information may be released:

- dispatch provider, public safety, fire service, or law enforcement official, or hospital emergency or traims care facility, in order to respond to the user's call for emergency services;
- (B) to inform the user's legal guardian or members of the user's immediate family of the ouser's location in an emergency situation that involves the risk of death or serious physical harm; or
 - (C) to providers of information or database management services solely for purposes of assisting in the delivery of emergency services in response to an emergency.

New Section 222(f) provides that a customer shall not be considered to have approved disclosure of or access to call location information except "in accordance with" (A), (B) or (C)

³ Memorandum Opinion to Criminal Division from Office of Legal Counsel, Department of Justice, September 10, 1996, page 6, n. 13, citations omitted. The document is posted on the FCC's Electronic Comment Filing System under date of 12/13/1996, CC Docket 94-102. In due course, the opinion was made available to the FCC and used in deciding issues of wireless carrier liability. Memorandum Opinion and Order, 12 FCC Rcd 22665 (1997), ¶131.

above. Similarly, disclosure of automatic crash notification ("ACN") information is not considered approved "other than for use in the operation of an automatic crash notification system."

New Section 222(g) requires carriers providing telephone exchange service to release subscriber listed and unlisted information on a timely and unbundled basis, under reasonable and nondiscriminatory terms, to providers of emergency services and providers of emergency support services, solely for purposes of delivering or assisting in the delivery of emergency services.

Re-designated Section 222(h) – formerly (f) – adds definitions of Public Safety

Answering Point, Emergency Services, Emergency Notification Services and Emergency

Support Services. These definitions are important to the understanding of permissible call

location disclosure under Section 222(d)(4)(A), (B) and (C) and Section 222(g).

U.S. Criminal Code. The Department of Justice found no impediment to 9-1-1 wireless caller location disclosure in the Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act of 1994 ("CALEA") or the Electronic Communications Privacy Act of 1986 ("ECPA"). (Note 3, supra, at 3-7) However, an amendment to ECPA by the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (note 2, supra) added the following to the "exceptions for disclosure of communications" at 18 U.S.C.§2702(b):

that an emergency involving danger of death or serious physical injury to any person requires disclosure without delay of communications relating to the emergency.

A similar provision added in the USA Patriot Act of 2001 is found at 18 U.S.C.§2702(c)(4), relating to customer "records" rather than "communications:"

⁴ These 9-1-1-related amendments to Section 222 were enacted in the Wireless Communications and Public Safety Act of 1999, P.L.106-81, which also designated 9-1-1 as the universal emergency telephone number in the United States.

⁵ Respectively, P.L.103-414 (1994) and P.L. 99-508 (1986).

to a governmental entity if the provider reasonably believes that an emergency involving immediate danger of death or serious physical injury to any person justifies disclosure of the information.

The use of this language by carriers is discussed further below.

The new language, of course, did not exist when the Justice Department advised the FCC on wireless caller location in 1996. Of chief importance to the Department's opinion was the caller consent provision of 18 U.S.C.§2703(c):

- (1) A governmental entity may require a provider of electronic communication service . . . to disclose a record or other information pertaining to a subscriber or customer of such service (not including the contents of communications) only when the governmental entity --
- (C) has the consent of the subscriber or customer to such disclosure.

It is worth marking for discussion below that Section 2703 allows the government to "require" disclosure while Section 2702 states only that a provider, in the exceptional case, "may divulge" the information.

Carrier Disclosure Policies.

Two of the three wireless carriers that have provided to NENA their written policies on disclosure of subscriber-specific information to 9-1-1 authorities appear to have adopted the language of 18 U.S.C.§2702(b) and (c). Sprint PCS uses the phrase "where someone's life is in

⁶ Although Section 2703 of the Code, along with Section 2702, was revised extensively in 2001 and 2002, the substance of the consent provision remained as it stood at the time of the Department's opinion in 1996.

⁷ We requested the written policies of all six national wireless carriers, but have not heard from Cingular, Nextel or Verizon Wireless. While the pertinent statutes read on wire carriers as well, we felt that the national wireless sample would be sufficient for comparison at this time.

immediate danger." AT&T Wireless' "911 Exigent Circumstances Form" specifies "immediate danger of death or serious physical injury." The T-Mobile policy (Attachment 3) contains no such limiting language.

One dilemma created by these variations in language — for 9-1-1 authorities and telephone carriers alike — is the frequency with which emergency calls relate to endangered property rather than endangered lives. For example, reports of fire or apparent burglary often present no threat to life but they surely describe property at risk. To the 9-1-1 calltaker, saving property remains highly important even if lower in priority than saving lives. It makes little sense to differentiate the disclosure of customer information based on whether property or lives may be at risk.

An Illustration of the Problem.

Exhibit A recounts an incident in which the caller to 9-1-1 was not the person to be located as in need of help. This was significant to the wireless carrier, which provided them following explanation of its reluctance to disclose the requested information:

The situation raised by _____ County is different, however. Section 222(d)(4)(A) permits the disclosure of "location information concerning the user" only "in order to respond to the user's call for emergency services." Further, Section 2702(c)(4) only permits disclosure when the "provider reasonably believes" that a life-threatening emergency "justifies disclosure." A call by our customer to 911 or other emergency number provides some objective basis to believe that our customer may be in a life-threatening emergency.

According to the e-mail below, the ____ County situation did not involve a call by our customer to 911 or, for that matter, a call to anyone.

⁸ Attachment 1, paragraph 2.0, "Emergency Hotline." It is not clear whether the "Emergency 911 Request Form" referenced at paragraph 2.1 can only be used in life-threatening situations. No such restriction is found on the face of the form.

⁹ Attachment 2. However, the phrase does not appear in the descriptive cover material.

In fact, our customer was not even the person who needed emergency services, but (if I followed this correctly) was the boyfriend of the woman who was attempting suicide, whose friend called her mother, who in turn called 911. 10

This is a useful example of the need for rulemaking or some other clarification of the relevant statutes.

Although the Section 222(d) exceptions to customer privacy seem to apply only when the "user" of a commercial mobile radio service is the person to be located as in need of help, there is no such limitation in the counterpart language of the criminal statutes at 18 U.S.C.§2702(b) and (c). Indeed, the latter is more realistic in allowing for the frequency with which 9-1-1 calls are placed by individuals other than those in trouble. Often, victims are unable to dial for help. Instead, aid is summoned by persons acting on their behalf or by "Good Samaritans." Absent a clear showing of Congressional intent, we believe it would be unfortunate to limit Section 222(d) disclosure to cases when the caller and the endangered person are one and the same.

On the other hand, the restriction of the criminal law 9-1-1 disclosure exemption to situations involving "immediate danger of death or serious physical injury" -- a limitation not found in the civil law at Section 222 -- seems unwarranted in light of the Justice Department's interpretation of the pre-existing statute, 18 U.S.C.§2703(c), finding "implied consent" on the part of any caller to 9-1-1 independent of the degree of hazard.¹¹

¹⁰ Emphasis added. This was the response of a lawyer for the carrier to an e-mail from NENA asking about the matter described in Exhibit A. The identities of the local 9-1-1 authority and the wireless carrier are not, we believe, crucial to the discussion, but can be supplied later with their permission.

Assuming consent may only be given or implied when the endangered person is the caller, or when that person has authorized another to call, this would bring the criminal law more closely into line with the "user" terminology in Section 222(d). Similarly, interpreting Section 2703 to cover perils other than immediate danger of death or serious physical injury would help to align the criminal statutes with the civil law reflected in the Communications Act.

If Section 2703 controls Section 2702, the likelihood of death or serious physical injury should not be a factor in deciding disclosure where consent of the victim is given or reasonably may be implied. The release forms used by carriers for PSAP disclosure requests should be changed accordingly, and carrier employees should be instructed in their proper use.

Alternatively, if the changes to Section 2702 made in 2001 and 2002 were meant to limit the earlier interpretation of Section 2703, that construction should be developed on a reviewable record. On this outcome also turns the question of "may disclose" (Section 2702) versus "must disclose" (Section 2703).

On information and belief, based on e-mails circulated to a NENA listsery, the account in Exhibit A is typical of numerous cases in which carriers have declined to disclose -- in the absence of court orders or similar mandates -- subscriber-specific information about callers to 9-1-1 or that might aid in resolving 9-1-1 emergencies. A notice of proposed rulemaking or a proposed interpretation of the relevant statutes would, we believe, document the nature and frequency of these refusals and illuminate the need for a common practice in the public interest.

It is trite but true that "seconds count" in responding to 9-1-1 emergencies. In situations where calls are broken off and calltakers need to secure customer information from carriers to proceed with rescue, the seconds may extend into minutes, but minutes count, too, in situations such as kidnappings. Emergency calltakers and responders strive constantly to meet the timing standards of National Fire Protection Association ("NFPA") section 1710.¹² The necessary

¹² NFPA requires that 9-1-1 calls be answered within 60 seconds from the time of the initial ring 90% of the time. An additional 60 seconds (120 seconds total) is allowed for the handling of the emergency telephone call 90% of the time. Section 3.1.42.3 of NFPA 1710 defines "Dispatch Time" from the point of receipt of the emergency alarm at the public safety answering point to the point where sufficient information is known to the dispatcher and applicable units are notified of the emergency.

premium on speed means that we should cut to a minimum disputes over when to release customer-specific information in aid of emergency assistance.

Unlisted Numbers

Section 222(d) and its criminal law counterparts are not the only sources of 9-1-1 information disclosure disputes. Section 222(g) applies, as noted above, to unlisted numbers whose records most often are in the control of local exchange carriers. From time to time, LECs have questioned the instruction to turn over data bases, including unlisted numbers, to providers of emergency services and of "emergency support services." The latter are broadly defined as "information or-data base management services used in support of emergency services." Section 222(h)(7).

It is the breadth of the definition that seems to trouble LECs most. While the disclosure is to be used "solely for purposes of delivering or assisting in the delivery of emergency services," some LECs worry about the potential for ignoring or enlarging the permitted use to exploit commercial opportunities. The risk of such abuse is not, we tentatively conclude, a basis for shading the disclosure requirements of the statute. If LECs need to protect themselves, they should do so by contract rather than by refusal to disclose to an eligible recipient.

Clarifying Questions.

Among the questions to which NENA, APCO and NASNA seek answers by rulemaking or interpretation are:

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• Does the term "user" in Section 222(d)(4) limit the disclosure of location information in 9-1-1 emergencies?

As in the difference between Sections 2702 and 2703 of the criminal code, discussed above, so in Section 222 there is a distinction between "nothing prohibits" -- a seemingly permissive disclosure under (d) -- and the mandatory "shall provide" in (g).

- Did Congress intend disclosures under Section 222(d) to be discretionary while those under (g) are mandatory? er in the gual takes in appears out him them, in the
- Does the "implied consent" interpretation of 18 U.S.C.§2703(c) overcome the limitations of "immediate danger of death or serious physical injury" in Section 2702(b) and (c)?

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- How can the differences in the civil and criminal statutes best be reconciled?
- To the extent the laws cannot be reconciled, what should Congress be asked to do?

CONCLUSION

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For the reasons discussed above, the Commission should open a rulemaking or issue a declaratory order as to compliance with the relevant statutory provisions on disclosure of information in 9-1-1 emergencies.

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May 2, 2003

From a Communications Manager in a southern California Sheriff's Office:

In late October of 2002, one of our call-takers received a telephone call from a woman who was reporting that she had received a call from her daughter's friend. The friend stated that the woman's daughter was attempting suicide by overdosing on a med. Neither the mother calling 9-1-1 nor the informant knew where the daughter was, but thought she was probably at her boyfriend's home. Unfortunately, they didn't know the boyfriend's last name or his address. But they did have his cell number. Our shift supervisor contacted Pac Bell, which referred her to Verizon, which referred her to [Carrier X]. Carrier X stated that they had the subscriber information, but they would not release it because company policy requires a subpoena or court order to release the information.

After much discussion and repeated emphasis from the dispatch supervisor that this qualified as an exigent circumstance, Carrier X reluctantly agreed to provide the information.

The company insisted, as a condition of the release, that we provide them with a written promise that we would send them a subpoena or court order within 48 hours. The shift supervisor provided them with the written promise and they provided us with the subscriber information.

Eventually, the daughter was located and was found to be okay.

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Now I have Carrier X hounding me for a court order or subpoena. Interestingly, according to county counsel, the section cited by Carrier X, 18 U.S.C. 2702 (c), "allows" the information to be released by the telco if there is a life threatening emergency, but it apparently does not compel them to release this information. Any information that anyone can share would be greatly appreciated.